

# Bergvesenet Postboks 3021, 7002 Trondheim

## Rapportarkivet

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BV 579			Inter	nt arkiv nr	Rapport lokalisering Trondheim	Gradering <b>Åpen</b>
Kommer fraarkiv Ekste Nordlandske		ern rapport nr		sendt fra Mining A/S	Fortrolig pga	Fortrolig fra dato:
Tittel Boring og prøveta	aking i	Reppen A	Au, As fore	komst.	Bindal	
Forfatter R Sivertsen ?				Dato 1983	Bedrift Sulfidmalm A/S	
Kommune	Fylke		Bergdistrikt	***************************************	1: 50 000 kartblad	1: 250 000 kartblad
Bindal	Nordla	and	Nordlands		18253	1. 250 000 Natibiad
Fagområde	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Dokument ty	/pe	Foreko		
Boring				Reppen	ı	
Råstofftype		Emneord		1		
Malm/metall		Au As W				
Sammendrag	D0000 <b>000000000000000000</b>		***************************************	***************************************		***************************************

#### Reppen.

Området har vært gjenstand for undersøkelse i form av kartlegging og prøvetaking i flere perioder. Analyseresultatene har vært noe variable, men flere sett med store prøver (30 kg) innsamlet i 1983 indikerer gull gehalter i størrelse 5 - 7 g/t over mektigheter 4 - 5 m. Prøver innsamlet av tidligere leitere bekrefter dette bildet. På tross av store uregelmessigheter var også den største delen av analysene i området 5 - 10 g Au/t. Diamantboring utført i 1983 indikerer tilsvarende mektigheter og gehalter.

Totalt ble det borret ca. 500 m fordelt på 5 hull. Gull - arsenkis mineralisering ble påtruffet i alle hull, den dypeste skjæring var 150 m fra blotning.

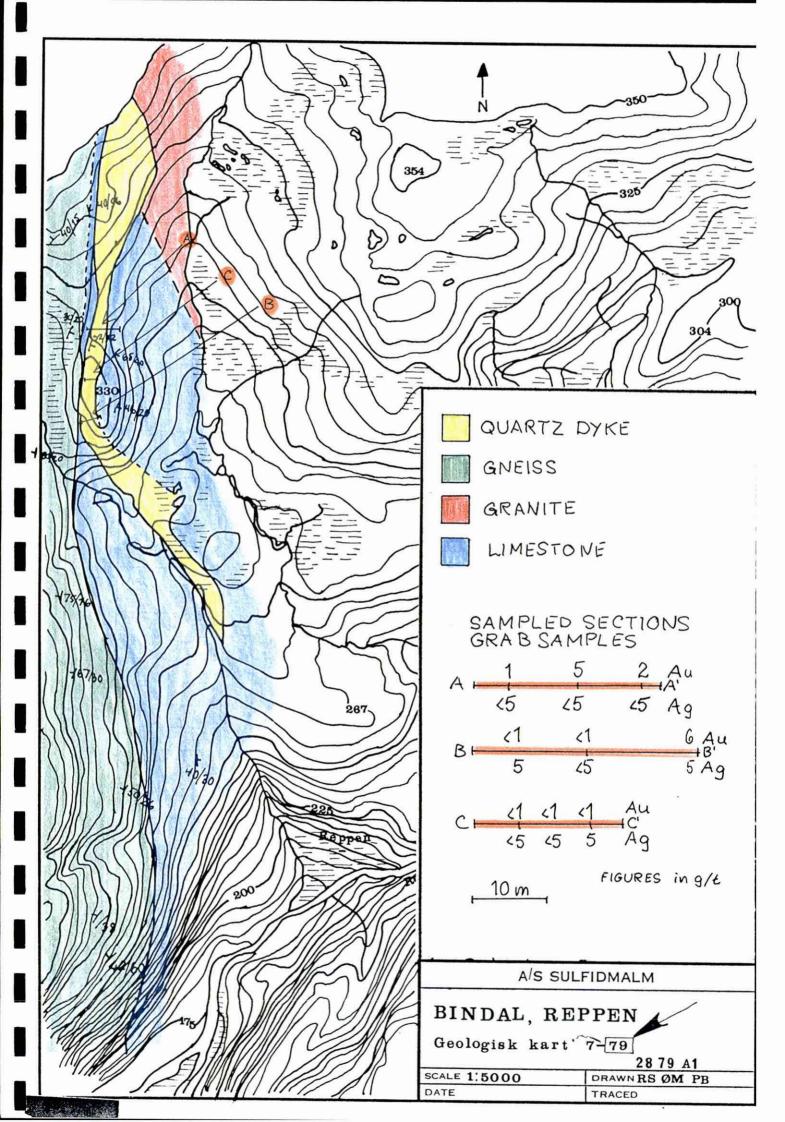
Basert på data fra borhull og overflate så er det indikert et geologisk potentiale på ca. 1.0 mill. t. i Reppen området. Det undersøkte området er åpent både langs strøk og mot dypet.

Som de andre kjente gull-arsenkis mineraliseringer i Bindalsområdet så er også mineraliseringen ved Reppen nært knyttet til kontaktsonen mellom Bindalsgranitten og omliggende b.a..

Det undersøkte området på Reppen er en del av en tektonisk struktur som kan følges ca. 2 km, ca. 400 m er undersøkt i detalj. Den mineraliserte struktur faller 30 - 40° mot øst. Både terrengforholdene og mineraliseringens strøk og fall gjør at undersøkelsene på Reppen er teknisk enklere (dia-borring) å gjennomføre et forhold som er avgjørende for utgiftssiden ved de videre undersøkelser.

Diamantboringen på Reppen har også påvist en skarn sone tektonostratigrafisk under gull mineraliseringen. Skarn sonen er bare gjennomskåret av et borhull, men den er på grunn av sitt innhold av magnetkis indikert ved geofysikk (CP-målinger) over en strøk lengde på 250 - 300 m samt i alle borhull.

Skarnsonen har i tillegg til granat, pyroksen, magnetkis også scheelitt og gull. Også denne sonen vil bli gjenstand for undersøkelser (geofysikk/diaboring) i 1984.



#### Sulfidmalms analyser fra 1981 (Au i ppm)

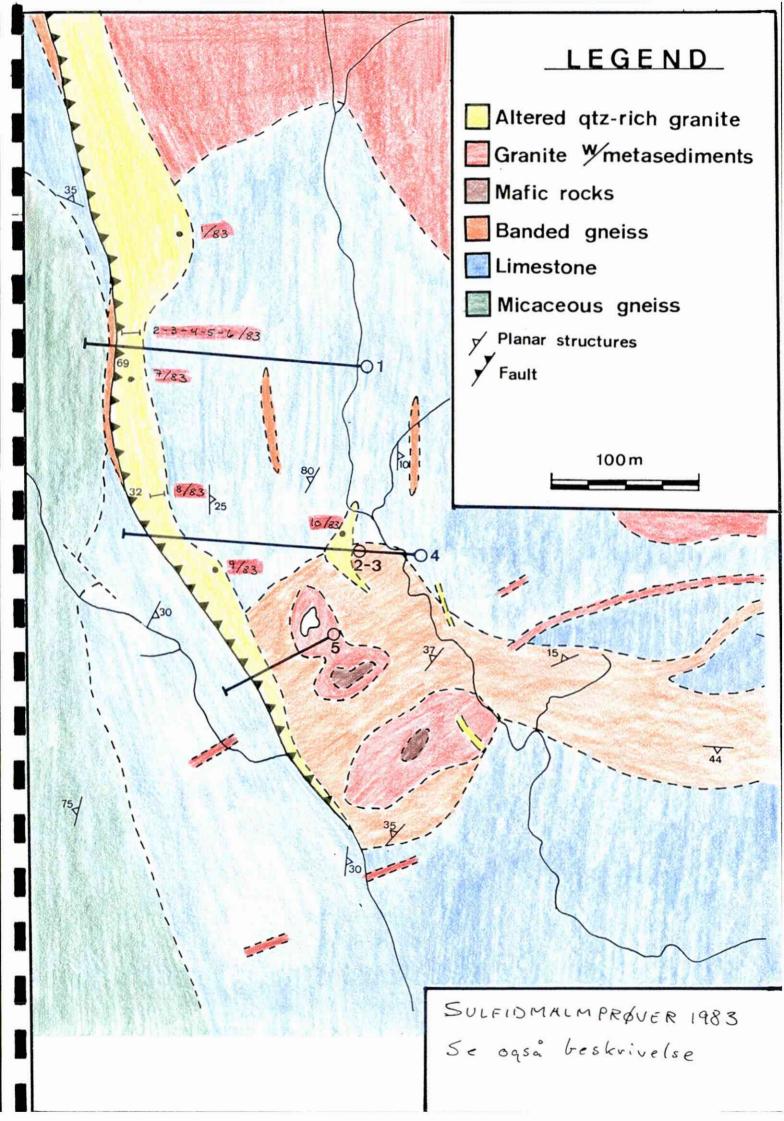
- -	Røsk I	Røsk II	Røsk III	Røsk IV	Røsk V	Røsk_VI
0-1	1.6 A	D.6 A	< 0.4 A	0.61	0.2	0.7
1-2	{1.7 {0.7	<.0.3	< 0.3		1.1	2.0
2-3	1.6	< 0.3 B	e of court was small about 1999 to		2.6	
3-4	$\begin{cases} 0.4 \\ \underline{B} \end{cases}$	< 0.4 C			4.2	
4-5		0.6	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله		5.2	
<b>T</b> ts		{ < 0.4 D 3.3 E		-	4.3	
6-7		{ 0.5 1.2	< 0.3		6.9	
ا , ر		{ 2.3 < 0.3	< 0.3		1.9	
8-9		{ 0.6 0.7	< 0.5			
-10		<pre>{ 6.1 { 1.0</pre>	< 0.4			
0-11	!	{ 4.7 0.4 F	< 0.4			
11-12			< 0.3	! ! !		
3-14			0.5			
^ ·15		!	< 0.4			
15-16		\ 	< 0.4	 		
6-17			< 0.4			
, -18			< 0.3			
9-19			< 0.4			
9-20			< 0.4			
20-21			< 0.4			
21-22			< 0.4			
22-23	1		< 0.4			
23-24			0.5			
24-25			< 0.5			
25-26			В		ni - I donn'n'	

SULFIDMALMS 1981-PROVER 0 h 00 0 0 ₹0/0 ر<sup>ر</sup> د Ĵb

PROVEPUNKTER

### PRØVER FRA REPPEN, SULFIDMALM 1983

	•	Au
1/83	1 prøve over ca. 2 m	1.17 g/t
2-3-4-5-6/83	Prøvene er tatt i det 10 m lange røsket, hver prøve antatt å være representativ for 2 m. Prøvene er tatt suksessivt fra vest mot øst.	
2/83		0.58
3/83		3.67
4/83		5.35
5/83		6.17
6/83		11.59
7/83	l pose fra den nordlige toppen av Rundhaugen	0,72
8/83	l pose fra den sydlige toppen av Rundhaugen (ca. 3 m skjæring)	1.87
9/83	Hovedskjerpet i bakken syd for toppen av Rundhaugen. Tipphaugen regnes for å være representativ for en mektighet på ca. 4 m	5.07
10/83	Svovelkisskjerpet	2.06



### Eldre analyseresultater fra Reppen

I) Torgesen 1923 (Fra NGU-rapport nr. 2420)

Hovedgang: As 36 %

Andre prøver: 10 % (antatt)

15 % ( " ) 4 ppm

15% (")

2.5 ppm

Au

3 ppm

8 ppm

II) Marstrander 1924 (Fra NGU-rapport nr. 726)

An I: Finknust 150 g: 27 ppm Au

II: Grovknust 200 g: 26 ppm Au

III) Eldre analyser, 1899 (Fra NGU-rapport nr. 726)

1) Prøve E: As<sub>2</sub>0<sub>3</sub>: 27.66 %

S: 8.208 %

Au : 11.72 ppm

2) Prøve nr. 33: Au: 29 ppm

3) Prøve nr. 5: Ars: 30 %

Zn: 4.5 %

Pb: 0

Cu: 0

Ag: Spor

Au: 40 ppm

4) Prøve I Ag: 0

Au: 25 ppm

5) Prøve II: Ag: 50 ppm

Au: 15 ppm

		TOTAL DRILL RECORD
LOCATION:	BEARING:	270° DIP: 30° HOLE NO: DDH 1 SHEET NO: 1
LOGGED BY:	STARTED:	PROPERTY Reppen
CASING:	FINISHED:	
CORE SIZE:	TESTS (COF	RRECTED):
	<u> </u>	
From To		Description
0 3.55	Overburden	
3.55 6.30	Limestone	
6.30 35.20	Granite.	Partly well foliated. Some py in joints. Contact with limestone at 35.2 m 39°.
35.20 36.60	Limestone	foliation at 35.8 m 36°
36.60 39.30	Granite	
39.30 40.0	Quartz	No mineralization
40.0 41.6	Gneiss	Contact at 41.6° 45° Dark, rich in biotite.
41.6 42.8	Limestone	
42.8 46.45	Granite	Some dark band with mineralization
46.45 50.5	Limestone	Contact at 50.5 m 50°
50.5 50.8	- Gneiss	
50.8 54.9 54.9 57.1	Limestone Granite	With dark bands, rich in py.
57.1 105.6	Limestone & quartz	This zone is commonly brecciated and mine- ralized, containing most of the aspy and py in the hole. From 57.1 to 60 massive limestone
	crushed	From 60. to 64.5 partly brecciated and mylinitized w "quartz-augen". Mainly py as grain, and in joints From 64.5 to 66.5 brecciated limestone, with numerous quartzveins, giving py and aspy in joints and as disseminated grains.  From 66.5 to 69.2 brecciated and mylotinized
		limestone, as from 60 to 64.5.  After a 10 cm quartz band to 69.3 - a new zone with brecciated and mylotinized limestone to 78.5. The amount of quartz veins decreases to the contact with pure quartz at 78.5. This quartz
		is fairly homogenous and contains only minor mine- ralization, goes to 79.8.
		From 79.8 brecciated limestone up to 86.4, where a new zone with homogenous, poorly mineralized quartz comes in. This zone goes to 89.4. From
		89.4 to 91.4 limestone with some mineralization. From 91.4 to 91.9 quartz. From 91.9 to 94.2 limestone. From 94.2 to 105.6 homogeneous quartz containing only minor mineralization. Generally, most mineralization is in the zones with brecciated or brecciated & mylonitized limestone.
		Py is the commonest sulfide, but aspy is locally well developed, in joints and as disseminated grains.

LOCATION	d.			DEADN	0.000					
			*************************	OTABTE	G: <u>270°</u> DI	P:30° I	HOLE NO: .	DDH_1	SHEET NO:	2
				STARTE	D:	PROPER	RTY	керреп	*******	••••••
					D:				************	•••••••
00112			***************	15212	CORRECTED):				***********	
From	То	T			<del></del>	Description	<del></del>	<del></del>		
105.6	132.3		Chani	<del></del> ,	34-3-3-3					
105.6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. Grani	te	Mainly granit gneiss.	e, but also	some li	imestone	and biot:	ite
132.3	132.5	***************************************	Quart	z	No important	mineralizat:	ion			
1325.	150.2		. Grani	te	Mainly granit	e, some bio	tite-gne	eiss and	limestone	e.
	151.5		Limes	tone						
151.59	5 155.4	В	Grani	te						
155.43	156.7		Quart	z	Quartz, with 80% po and 20		tite (po	o) - appr	oximately	y
156.7	157.4		Gneis	5						
157.4	***************************************			otite	Massive band - approximate	of po and graph of po.	reen mat	rix (alt	ered gne	iss ?)
158.3	l	***************************************	Limes	tone						
158.6	159.5	,1444,444,444	Pyrrhe	otite	As 157.4 - 15	8.3 plus qu	ıartz			
159.5	181.5	*************	Gneis		Mainly biotit					
181.5	190.	(End	of hole)				_			
] ]			Due to and th	o lack nerefo	of experienc re should be	e this hole relogged.	has not	been pr	operly lo	ogged
			N							
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			DIA	MOND DRILL RECORD
LOCATION	l: <u></u>	****************	BEARING:	270° DIP: 30° HOLE NO: 2 SHEET NO: 1
LOGGED E				PROPERTY Reppen
			FINISHED:	
CORE SIZE	E:	***********	TESTS (CC	DRRECTED):
<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	,	
From	То	<u> </u>		Description
0	4.32		Overburden	
4.32	4.88		Quartz	With extensive massive mineralization. Approximately 5% aspy and 15% pyrite of total volume. Contact at 4.88 m 68°
4.88	5.15		Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss, well foliated.
5.15	5.38		Quartz	Some aspy and pyrite
5.38	7.35		Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss.
7.35	15.10		Granite	Granite, rich in dark mica, some pyrite in joints and some aspy as disseminated grains. Contact at 15.10 m 32°.
15.10	16.73		Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss
16.73	19.30		Granite	Granite, rich in mica, cut by quartz veins giving som py and aspy.
19.30	23.30	,	Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss, getting gradually lighter against the contact with granite at 23.30.
	26.90		Granite	Gneissic appearance, cut by quartz veins, giving mainly py-mineralization.
26.90	28.60		Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss
28.60	30.00		Grani te	Some mica rich dark bands, mainly quartz and feldspar
30od	3100	• •••••••••••	Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss
310d	3530.		Granite	Some py _
3530	3720	************	Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss
3720	-3880	***************************************	Granite	Some py
38.80			Gneiss	Dark biotite gneiss, with band of pure, non-minera- lized quartz from 39.5 to 39.6.
40.00	41.60	*******************************	Granite	With band of quartz, 10 cm, at 40.10.
41.60	.42.50		Gneiss	Dark fine-grained, some brown mica and dominantly grey mica, probably altered.
}	*-***	***************************************		Some bands with crushed quartz.
				Contact at 42.50 m 62°.
42.50	43.20		Granite	Hardly no mineralization.
43.20	45.35		Gneiss	Greyish mica-gneiss, some mineralized quartz veins being crushed, and some brecciation, with mineralized quartz veins penetrating the gneiss. Foliation at
	***************************************			43,9 m 20°. The gneiss gets richer in quartz, until 44.5 m where the gneiss has less quartz and gets
		***************************************		brecciated by quartz veins. Mostly pyrite, and fairly good aspy, as filling in joints or massive.
	***************			Mineralization/brecciation stops at 44.8 m from where
	**************	***************************************		the gneiss is massive. Foliation 17° at $44.9 \text{ m}$ . Contact at $45.35 \text{ m}$ $22^{\circ}$ .

LOGGED E	BY:		START	BEARING: 270° DIP: 30° HOLE NO: 2 SHEET NO: 2  STARTED: PROPERTY Reppen  FINISHED: TESTS (CORRECTED):			
From	То			Description			
	46.06		Granite	Light green in colour, different from previously described granite. Corase grained, partly pegmatitic against contact at 45.35, and getting medium/fine grained against 46.06. Some py in joints between 55° and 60°. Some quartz veins.			
	51.30		Quartz	Starts with 15 cm quartz-band, with thin dark bands of fine grained aspy, 50°. Then brecciated zone to 47.22. The matrix in this zone is dark, very fine-grained material, of unknown origin. The quartz filling in this zone is netveined by aspy-bearing joints, with diameter from approximately 0.1 to 1.5 mm. Aspy is also appearing as massive aggregates with			
				size up to 2 x 3 cm.  Py is more randomly distributed, forming subhedral grains up to 3 mm.  The breccia gets fine grained against 47.22, with quartz grains less than 2 mm, and generally darker.  Much fine grained py, and probably aspy, too small to be distinguished from the py.			
				At 47.22 an uneven contact, approx. at 90°, against mylonitized limestone. Contains numerous quartz- "augen", with similarity to to feldspar-augen in augen-gneiss. Aspy appears as finegrained bands			
				around the augens, generally with a rounded appearance. This gives the impression together with the quartz-augens, that the mineralization predates the (last) phase of mylonitization. The folation is			
		***************************************		is approx. 70°. From 47.55 to 47.70 a zone of quartz-breccia, having a light appearance due to lack of dark, fine grained matrix. Aspy in fractures and as small grains. Both contacts against limestone			
	**************	***************************************		are gradual.  From 47.70 approx. 1 m of limestone variably mylotinized and mineralized. From 48.60 to 49 is a zone of fairly homogeneous quartz, with bands up to 1 cm			
	***************************************	***************************************		of massive, medium grained aspy, 40°. This quartz is cut by late, non-mineralized joints, with minor displacement, going at right angles to the mineral bands. From 49.0 limestone, decreasing mylonitized to contact at 51.30. Some mineralized quartz-veins. Generally			
		40110404444		small, varying amounts of pyrrhotite.			
	51.70 53.90		Granite Limestone	Light green, as at 45.35  Fairly pure limestone, homogeneous and medium/coarse grained. Some mineralized quartz-veins at 52.4. Contact at 53.90 m 60°.			
*************************	**************	************************					

-		***************************************		(CORRECTED):
From	То			Description
53.90	54.50		Grani te	Light grey, as most of previously described granite.
54.50	80.4		Limestone	Light, mostly non-mineralized. At 54.9 and 59.32 appearance of a fibrous metal in joints, having a hardness approx. 4.  From 59.60 to 59.90 a zone of brecciated quartz with good aspy-mineralization, and coarse grained non-mineralized quartz. Contact coarse grained quartz/limestone at 59.90 is 60°.  From 59.90 limestone, weakly mylonitized to 64.1, where there is a 20 cm non-min. quartz band. From 64.3 variably mylonitized limestone up to 70 m.  Some quartz band and dark, mica rich fragments from ca. 65 to 67 m.  Between 70 and 80 m mainly homogeneous, light limestone, with some thin (5-20 cm) dark bands. Increasing amount of disseminated brilliant metal grains,
·······				partly fibrous, besides py, up to 80 m.
80.4	80.7		Granite	
80.7	150.0		Limestone	Light, homogeneous, cut by granite 86.15 - 87, contact 40°. Some pyrrhotite and above mentioned brilliant metal grains. From 90 - 150, gneiss and granite and limestone, no important mineralization.
			End of ho	le at 150.
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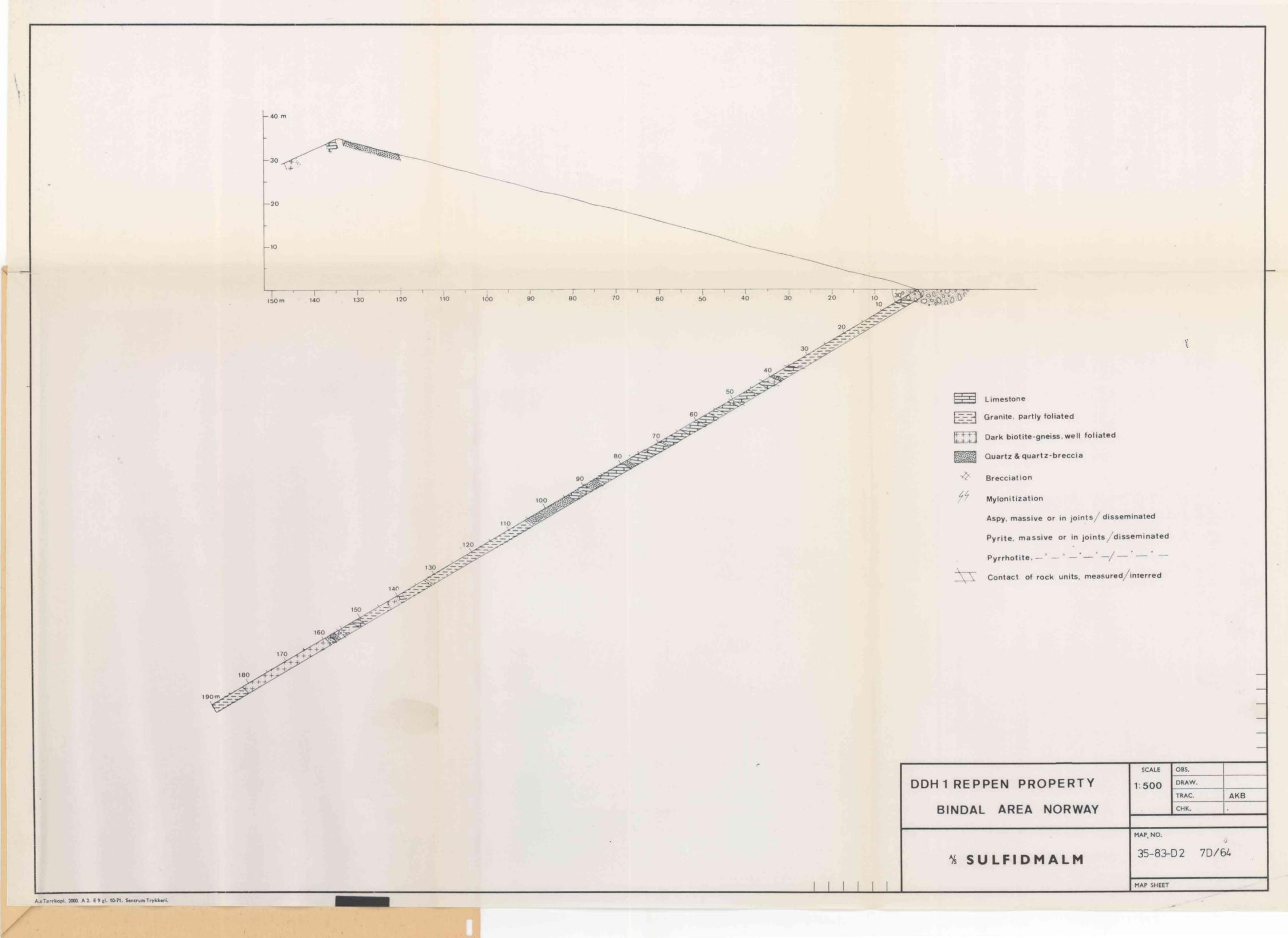
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From	То			Description
0	3.20		Overburden	
	4.10		Quartz	With py, aspy and po, mostly along joints (76°, 74°, 64°). Py and aspy in joints, po in irregular aggregates, less than 2 cm, most often occurring together
4.10	11.1	***************************************	Gneiss	with py.  Biotite rich. Py in joints 70°, 67°.  Granitic band 8.13-8.50. Contacts approximately 50°.
11.1	12.93	***************************************	Granite	Some py and po in joints. Some thin mica-rich bands. Contact at 12.93 m 30°.
	24.16	***************************************	Gneiss	Biotite rich. Cut by 5 cm quartz band at 14.35 m with some massive py and aspy. Brecciated zone at 16.30 - 16.50, with quartz. Mainly py, some aspy in joints 30° Foliation 24° at 19.9, 30° at 22.6
	26.20		Granite	Py in joints, 45° at 24.30, 79° at 24.93. Contact at 26.20 56°.
26.20	34.40	***************************************	Gneiss	Biotite rich, cut by granite veins, less than 20 cm. Po as joint fill, 42° at 27.5. Py as joint fill 50° at 27.81.
34,40			Gneiss	Light, with greyish mica and more than usual of quartz. Some brecciation and crushing. A thin, 2 cm quartz band at 34.8 with py. Also som po in joints. Seemingly increasing alteration against 39.50 with development of light blue-green 5 cm bands.
	43.9	***************************************	Quartz	Begins with apparently brecciated greyish coarse grained mica-gneiss. Bands of massive aspy, 62° and 75 5-20 mm thick, around 39.8. Also some py. From 40.0 to 40.70 fairly homogeneous quartz, with aspy and py in band (jointfill) thickness 'less than 2 mm, 80° and 75°. From 40.70 to 40.78 massive aspy, coarse grained. Further to 41.1 to 41.68 altered greyish mica-gneiss, with mainly py as grains and as jointfill 70° and 60°. At 41.61 contact with massive quartz 54°, with good aspy and py. Gradual change to a dark, fine grained breccia, with very good aspy and py. From 42.34 mylonitic limestone. Aspy appears as fine grains around quartz-augens and -band, py as fine grains in the limestone.
	47.25 48.8	***************************************	Limestone Light green granite	From 43.9 decreasing mylonitization and mineralization to 45.0 then increasing mylonitization up to the con tact, 65°, with a light green granite, massive and calcite bearing, at 47.25.
	52.3		Limestone	From 48.8 to 52.3, a massive, pyre with no mineralization.

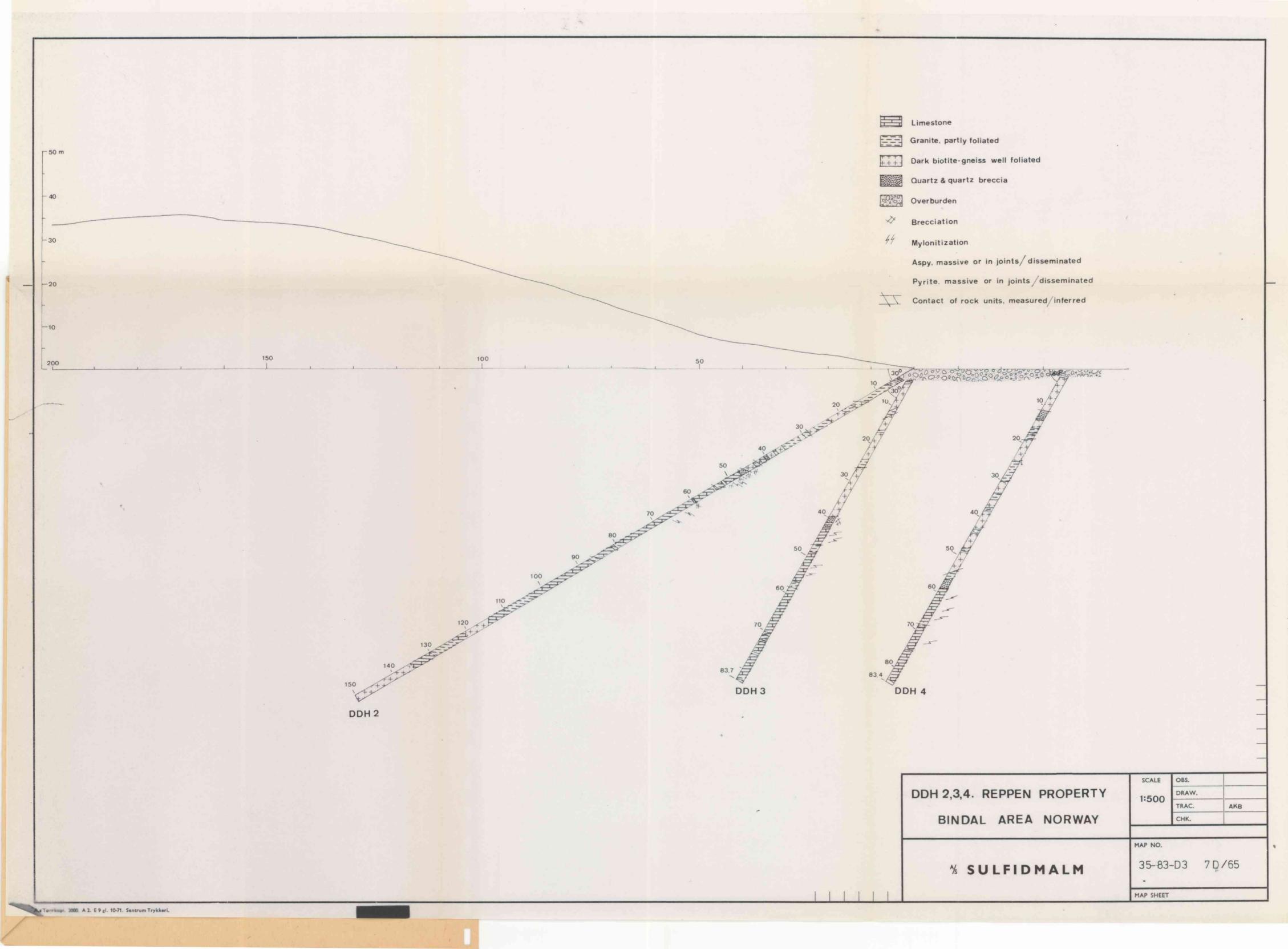
		ום	AMOND DRILL RECORD
DGGED BY	<b>′</b> :	 STARTE	G: 270° DIP: 60° HOLE NO: 3 SHEET NO: 2  D: Reppen  D: Reppen
		 	(CORRECTED):
1		 	Description
52.3	56.61	imestone	Variably mylonitized. Some grains of py and aspy from 52.3-54.55. From 54.55-54.70 a zone with quartz-band augens giving good aspy. From 55.15 to 55.25 massive quartz with aspy as joint fill, in joints 30° and 50°. From 55.25 to 56.61 mylonitic limestone without important mineralization.
56.6	. 58.25	 Granite	Fairly dark and well lollated, having a grant and self-lollated, having a grant at 58.25. ance. Irregular contact at 56.61, about 80° at 58.25.  Pure, massive, with some fragments of dark mica-gneiss
		Limestone End of hol	Up to 82.7 mainly pure limestone, but some bands and veins of mica-gneiss and granite, less than 0.5 m in thickness.  Some py and po, both as grains and as joint fills.

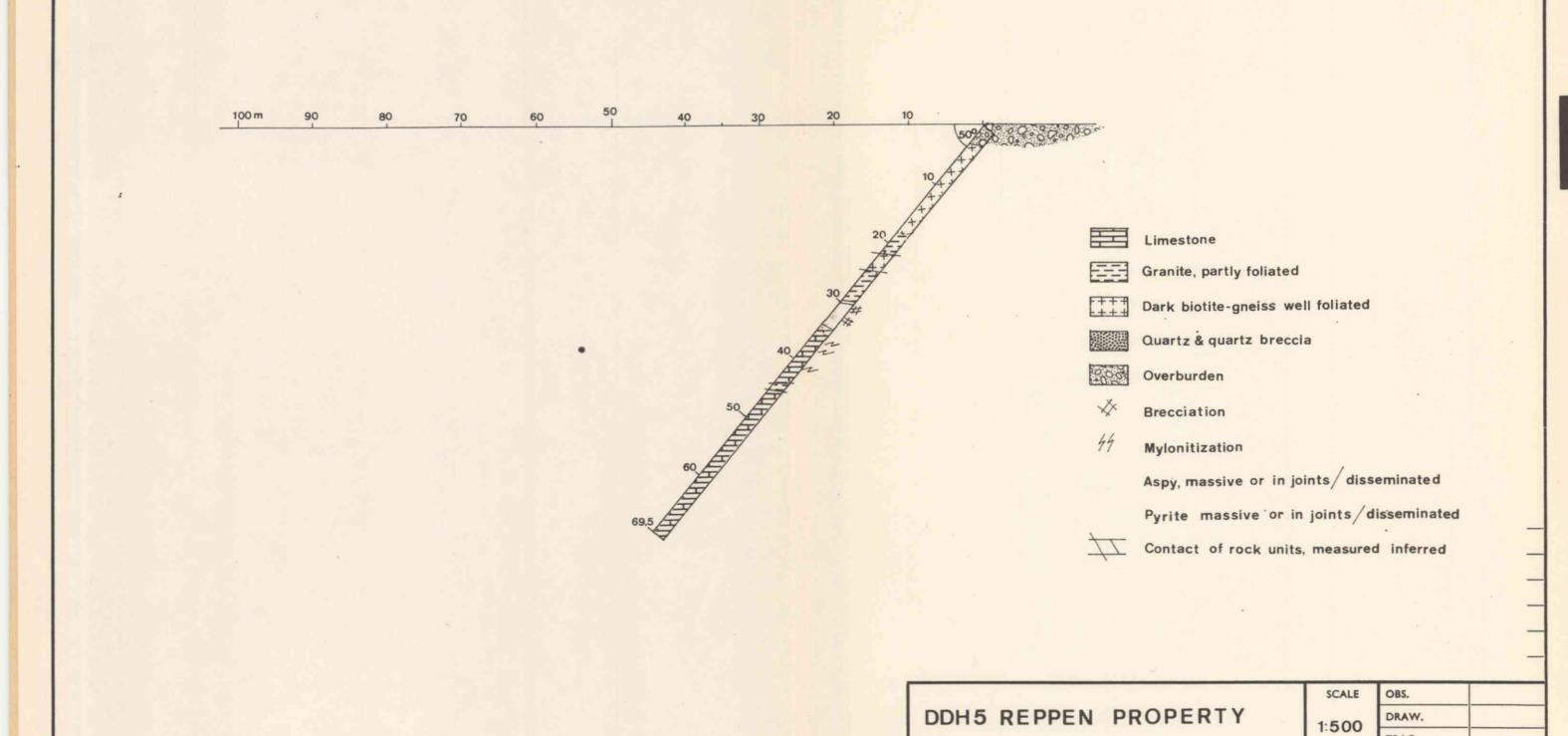
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		[[	STS (CORRECTED):
From	To	<del></del>	
	<del></del>		Description
0		Overbu	rden
1.90	2.00	Quartz	With py and aspy as jointfill, 50°, and as disseminated
2.00	11.43	Gneiss	
		***************************************	Greyish mica-gneiss, cut by some granitic bands. Mine-ralization as jointfill and massive bands. 5 cm massive at 5.20, po in joint 35° at 6.40, aspy + py 1 cm 50° at 7.90. Contact at 11.43.70°
	13.80	*******************************	at 7.90. Contact at 11.43 70°.
	13.80	Quartz	Massive without important mineralization up to 13.40, then 20 cm loss of core, from 13.60 to 13.80 brecciated mica gneiss. Good py, but only minor aspy, some po.
3.80		Granite	A zone of good disseminated py at 16.84-17.00.
	17.75		Greyish green, micaceous.
3.63	1863	Granite	2 mm py-joint-fill at 18.58. Contact at 18.63, 58°.
	54.9	Gneiss	Greyish mica-gneiss, cut by many granite bands. From 24.5 mainly granitic material, up to 30 m. From 30 to 54.9 mainly greyish mica-gneiss, with 20-40% granite. Mineralization occurs up to 32.0 as jointfill and band with thickness less than 1-2 cm. Py + aspy cm 48° at 21.55, py 1 cm 36° at 23.43, po 0.3 cm 35° at 26.9. Foliation in gneiss 50° at 43.5, 55° at
·····	56.15	Granite	Grey, contact at 54.9, 38°.
	57.05 58.55	i	Greyish green, some brecciation and mineralization.
		Quartz	First 5 cm of massive quartz, with good massive aspy. From 58.55 alternating mylonitized limestone and quartz bands with thickness 10 - 20 cm, having good massive aspy and py-bands. Contacts limestone-quartz bands 62° at 57.03, 70° at 57.55, 50° at 58.15 - the mineralization is parallel to those.
	8.70	Gneiss	Dark micaceous, having good po as irregular bands and joint fill.
i	3.4	Limestone	Variably mylonitized, but generally decreasing mylonitization against 83.4. Zone of brecciated and massive mica-gneiss from 74.2 to 75.2.  Good po as disseminated grains around 73.7. Py as spread grains. No aspy.
		End of ho	le at 83.4.
		······································	

		<b>50.44.5</b> .	
			(ED:
E:	******************	TESTS	(CORRECTED):
To			Description
3.06		Overburden	
		Gneiss	Dark micaceous. Some granitic bands. Pegmatitic quartz band 5 cm 75° at 7.9 giving py and some aspy. Also some "calcite pegmatites" giving massive aggregates of py, especially between 15.5-15.8. Calcite veins 55° at 17.5, 65° at 15.4. Irregular contact at 18.40.
21.90	1	Granite	Partly well foliated in mica rich parts. 2 cm calcite bands at 18.41 with some massive py. Also some disseminated aspy. Contact at 21.90, 58°.
***************************************		Gneiss	Greyish green mica gneiss, cut by 1-5 cm quartz-calcite veins with good py. Orientation 72° at 22.4, 52° at 23.22, 70° at 23.30. Granitic band at 23.75-24.15. The contact gneiss/granite is cut by the quart calcite veins. Contact at 24.93, 60°.
		Granite	With some mica rich bands 10-15 cm thick. Numerous 1 cm veins of calcite, light brown, with locally good py in massive bands-58° at 26.40. 87° at 26.6, 80° at 27.5. Up to 29.94 increasing number of 5-10 cm quartz bands giving some mineralization.
30.15		Gneiss	Grey green, micaceous.
		Quartz	Starts with brecciated greyish green mica gneiss, with approx. 20-30% quartz-veins. Mainly py.  From 31.5 to 32.0 approx. 70% quartz, 30% gneiss.  From 32.0 to 33.11 a medium grained breccia with dark appearance.  Good py as irregular aggregates with diameter 1-5 cm, but seldom as jointfills. Aspy fairly good, as disseminated euhedral grains, 1-2 mm. This breccia differs from the breccias in the other holes by the presence of calcite, as veins and euhedral grains, accounting for 20-30% of total volume. This calcite rich breccia is followed by 15 cm hydrothermal calcite
			at 33.11 - 33.26. From 33.26 to 34.05 a zone of weakly brecciated quarts without py, po or calcite, but with good aspy as fine grains along dark bands and as massive thin bands. From 34.05 - 34.23 a new zone of hydrothermal calcite.
4 <del>4 : 4</del> 6		Limestone	Variably mylonitized and with fragments of dark micagneiss. From 38.45 - 39.20 dark mica-gneiss with good py as irregular aggregates less than 3 cm. Foliation 34.24 80°, 38.45 50°.
	21.90 21.90 24.93 30.15	To	To

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LOCATION	:		BEARIN	BEARING: 220° DIP: 50° HOLE NO: 5 SHEET NO: 2						
LOGGED E										
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JJ., L 0, L				(JOHNEOLED):	***************************************		****************	***********	D I VDS AM 1 401 0 2 4 A 4 A 4 A 4 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A	
From	То		Description							
44.40	45.48		Granite	Light ma	ssive gra	anite, wi s 44.40 (	th greeni	sh mica? 3 60°.	aggregates	
		*************	Limestone	Massive, no important mineralization. Granite bar at 55.9 50°.					ite band	
				Some spr in thick	Some spread granite and gneiss bands, between in thickness.				en 10 - 20 cm	
1	******************		End of hole	at 69.5 m	•					
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35-83-D4 7C/60

MAP NO.

MAP SHEET

BINDAL AREA NORWAY

% SULFIDMALM

A.s Terrhopi. 1009. A 3. E 9 gl. 10-71. Sentrum Trykkeri.

