

Rapportarkivet 2001

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THE GRINDER GOLD PROJECT

SOUTHEAST NORWAY

Location

The Grinder area is situated in southeast Norway, approximately 100 km NE of Oslo, see Kongsvinger fig. 1, and Grinder fig. 2.

The area is heavly forested with a relief from 150 to around 400 m.a.sl. Till cover may in places reach 20 m thickness.

Good roads and a railway intersect the potential rock units, and all required infrastructure are within 10 km.

Grinder - why and how

The Grinder project is the result of ARCO's regional reconnaissance program Hedemark - Ostfold in 1984, see fig. 2 and Appendix 1. This resulted in the Kongsvinger project with three areas of interest: Kongsvinger, Grinder and Elverum, see fig. 2 and Appendix 2.

By completing the work on these areas Grinder by far returned the most interesting results. As ARCO Norway was closing down its mineral exploration program in 1985, titles (mutings) would be maintained only on high priority areas, hence Grinder is the only area kept by ARCO in southern Norway, see Appendix 2.

Previous work

Earlier work in this region has been carried out by The Norwegian Geological Survey (NGU) and has resulted in:

- Geological maps 1:250.000
- Aeromag maps 1: 50.000 100-150 m altitude, 500 m linespaceing
- Regional stream sediment geochem, 1 sample/30km 2

Work by ARCO

The actual Grinder area has by ARCO been subject to the following work:

- Geological mapping in scale 1:50.000, see fig. 3
- Geochemical_stream sediment sampling, approx.
 1 sample/km²

- Rock chipsampling across mineralized units, mainly pyritic and/or sericitic rocks
- IP orientation survey in the central part of area, see fig. 3

Geology and mineralization: The Grinder area is underlain by a Proterozoic rockpackage of at least 16-17 Ma, possibly as old as 19-20 Ma.

The package is dominated by granitic gneisses and banded gneisses of mixed composition, see fig. 3. Within the gneisses occur an extensive unit of metarhyolites, partly with primary textures well preserved parlty as an augengneiss difficult to distinguish from some of the other gneisses. The rhyolites extend for an other 30 km to the northwest of fig.3.

On both side of the river Glåma the rhyolites are interbedded with greenstones and quartzites, the latter probably metamorphosed felsic tuffs. Particulary on the east side of Glåma at Grinder itself the rhyolites and quartzites are in places strongly altered, see Table 1. Elevated gold occur in samples from these alteration zones, see Table 2, sample 8402109 and 028.

The goldbearing samples here strongly resemble the hostrock at Mine Doyon, in Quebec. Work remain to be done before correlating the geological setting between the two areas, remembering that Mine Doyon is situated within an Archean greenstone belt.

On the west side of Glåma at Høgberget or Skurven there occur a block cluster of a pyritic quartzo-feldspatic rock within an area of 50 x 50 m. The blocks vary in size from around 10 x 10 cm to 50 x 50 cm and assay from 0.3 to 1.2 ppm Au, see Table 4, samples 8402043 and 101-103. One should notice the anomalous lead associated with the high gold values.

The block have most likely only been subject to short transport, icetransport has been from N to S.

Geochemistry: The results from the streamsediment sampling are shown in Table 3 clearly demonstrating the low background and contrast on the materiale. It is therefore interesting to note that four of the highest goldvalues occur around Grinder itself, and although no anomalous gold is found in the strams west of Glåma a number of lead anomalies occur in the vicinity of the goldbearing blocks at Høgberget.

Geophysical orientation survey: Two orientation profiles were run across the pyritic units at Grinder using moveable IP, VLF and Mag.

Based on these results IP is indicated as a method to deliniate the pyritic potential units under cover. The VLF results were inconclusive while Mag can be used as a general mapping tool in these terrains.

Table 1. The Grinder alteration system

ock-type	calc. sliren		t z	seri- cite
Sericite schist & qtz veins Greenstone absent		***	**	**
Sericite-quartzite Greenstone	*	***	**	**
Siliceous meta-rhyolite Greenstone	**	**	*	*
Meta-rhyolite w/calcite sliren & py Greenstone	* *	*		
Meta-rhyolite Greenstone				

Number of * indicate qualitative amount of listet mineral.

Rock type/ sample	Au ppm	As ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Cu ppm
Sericitic quartzite, 3% py. Grinder. 8402013.	.009	-10	1849	218	858
Sericite schist, 5% pyrite. Grinder, chip 12m. 8402109.	.115	-10	-10	-10	33
Chlorite-pyrite filling in 5m brec. Grinder, open pit. 8402028.	.439	-10	26	42	60
Quartzite with 5% pyrite, boulders, W of Grinder (Skurven). 8402043.	1.282	-10	208	27	20
Do., resamples: 8402101 8402102 8402103	.360 .579 1.181		138 81 109		55 29 12
Blue quartzite, trace py, Flisknappen. 8402079.	.036	-10	12	47	-10

Table 2: List of the best rock-samples collected this year.
Note that higher Au-values coincide with higher
Pb-values. As was not detected in any of the samples,
the Zn and Cu values are generally low.

Table 3. Global Statistics Stream Sediment Survey Elverum - Grinder Subareas. n = 259

		Mean	>90%ile	>95%ile	Highest	Lowest
Cu pr	om	_	>12	>13	956	2
Pb pp		22	>26	>33	540	2
Zn pr		30	>49	>61	134	2
As pr		_	>16	>21	122	2
Au pr		_	> 9	>12	77	1

Conclusion

Norway is an underprospected country in general and regarding gold in particular.

It has been shown that a road reconnaissance in the scale of Hedmark-Østfold, see Appendix 1 can bring forward a Grinder gold project. No economic grades or volumes have been proven so far, but only a minor reginal program has been completed and the area has never been explored before.

Although of Proterozoic age the area and observed mineralization display features resembling those occuring in well known Archean goldbearing districts (Mine Doyon, Quebec).

Due to the general thick glacial cover the area is proposed explored by a combination of block tracing, detailed geological mapping, deep soil sampling and combined IP and Mag.

It is our strong belief that further exploration in this area is warranted.

Boye Flood Chief Geologist Geologiske Tjenester a.s.

APPENDIX 1

AREA:

HEDMARK-ØSTFOLD 15000 Km²
RECONNAISSANCE

ROCK PACKAGE:

PROTEROZOIC ROCKS
FROM 900-1800 M.Y. WHICH INCLUDES:
CONGLOMERATE AND SANDSTONES
IGNIMBRITES
GRANITES AND GABBROIC ROCKS
GNEISS-COMPLEX
METASEDIMENTS - METARHYOLITES
AND GREENSTONES

KNOWN MINERALIZATION:

NI GABBRO ASSOCIATION
MO, Cu, BI GRANITE ASSOCIATED
W IN GENEISSES
Cu, PB, ZN IN VARIOUS SETTINGS
FE PARTLY IN HYPERITES
Au IN QUARTZ VEINS

EXTENSIVE SERICITE-QUARTZITE WITH KYANITE-PYRITE, MAINLY KNOWN ON SWEDISH SIDE OF BORDER

CA. 2 WEEKS
PROGRAM INCLUDING:

CAR RECONNAISSANCE
MAPPING: 1:50000 MAPPING AND
CONTROL OF AN AREA 1800 Km². SEE
FIG. 2.

BEDROCK SAMPLING: 31 SAMPLES (OUTSIDE FOLLOW-UP AREAS)

APPENDIX 2

KONGSVINGER

THREE AREAS OF INVESTIGATION:

KONGSVINGER, GRINDER AND ELVERUM

TARGETS:

AU IN QUARTZ VEINS (EIDSVOLL)

AU AND/OR POLYMETALLICS ASSOCIATED WITH PRECAMBRIAN MIXED VOLCANO-SEDIM. PACKAGES CONTAINING QUARTZ-SERICITE-KYANITE-PYRITE SCHISTS.

• RECON. ASSAYS: 1.282 PPM AU

8 WEEKS PROGRAM COMPLETED:

MAPPING: 1:50.000 OF THREE AREAS TOTALLING AROUND 400 km², SEE FIG. 2.

SS SAMPLING:

439 SAMPLES

BEDROCK SAMPLING:

85 SAMPLES

MUTING APPLICATIONS:

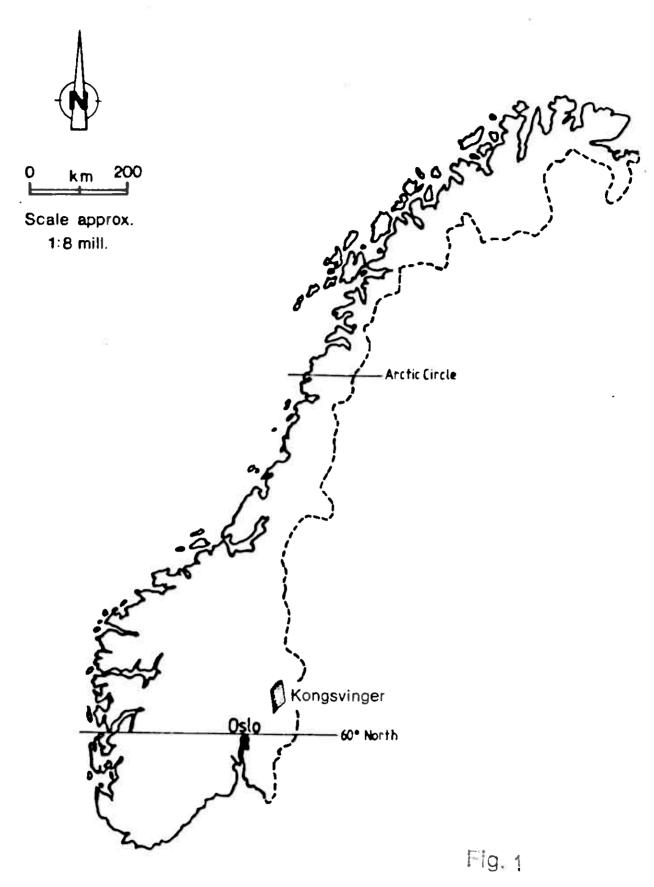
 32^{a}

(8 Km² IN Two

BLOCKS AT GRINDER

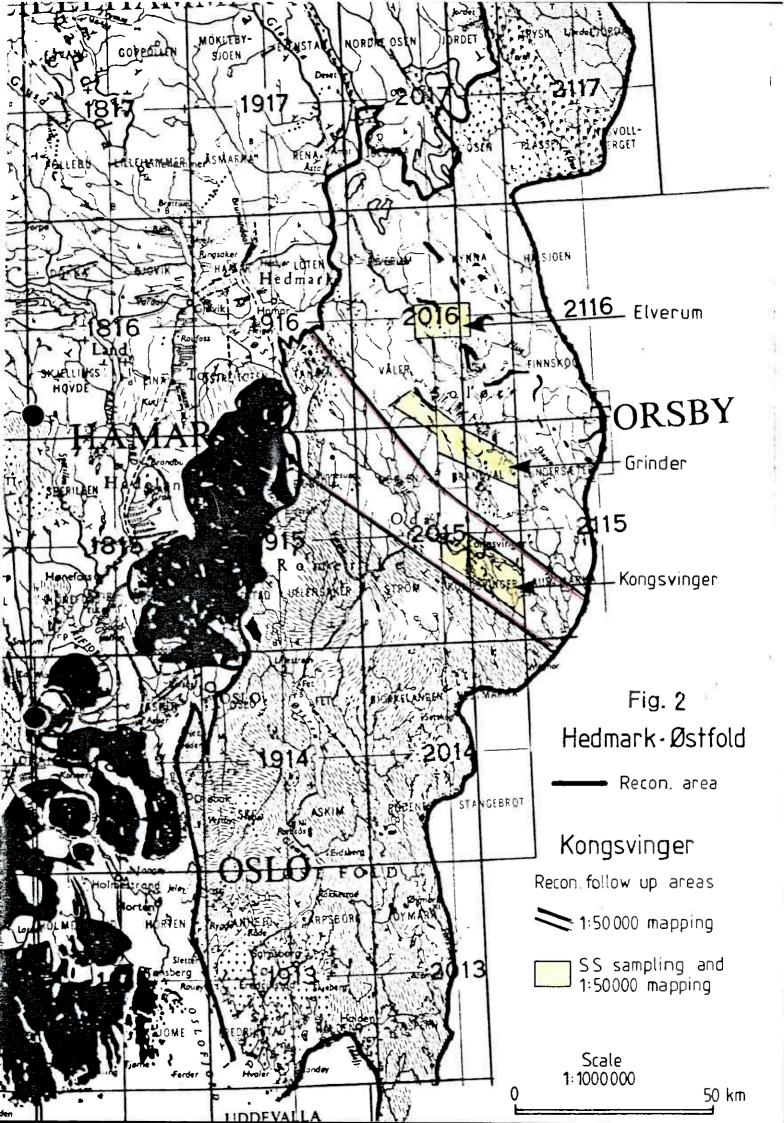
AND ELVERUM)

a) Later the Elverum block has been relinquished and more mutings have been applied for at Grinder where ARCO to day holds 77 mutings in 4 blocks totalling 19,25 km²



NORWAY

Location Map







ARCO Norway Inc.

Hard Minerals Section

KONGSVINGER AREA

Elverum - Grinder subareas

Geological recon type map

Drawn/traced:	P NB/	Date: Fe		Centre Oslo		
Report No:	Project No:	Drawing No:	Map She	et	Scale:	
85 - 27 - 46	27				1:100 000	

IP orientation profile

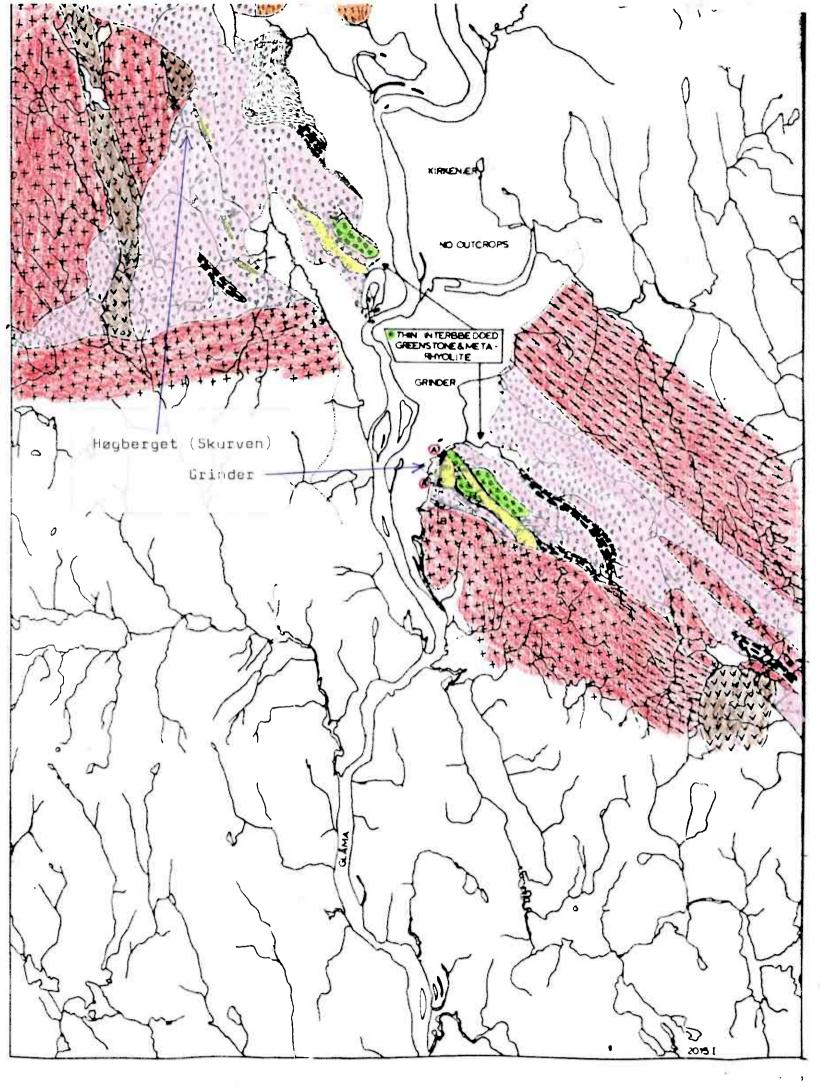


Fig. 3 1 x

Grinder Gullprosjekt

15m

37

11

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Fastfjellprøver langs en vegskjæring ved Grinder nod for Kongsvinger:
Profilstart på østsiden av veien ved en merke som fører følgende oppskrift:
R 3-03 - 9km, her er det tatt prøve nr. 1.
1 -
   11m lenger mot nord
 3
   13m
4
   11m
          11
   10m
 5
 6
   03m
                           grønnstein
                           gul "S" utvittring
 7
   03m
    10m
                     п
8
9
    10m
    07m
10
11
    08m
12
    09m
13
    10m
14
    10m
15
    10m
16
    10m
17
    10m
18
    10m
19
    10m
20
    10m
21
    10m
22
    10m
                     n
23
    10m
24
    10m
De neste metrene lengere mot nord er overdekket (myr med lite bekkefar)
neste prøvepunkt ligger 65m lengere mot N og har betegnelsen "25"
25
26
    10m lenger mot nord
27
    10m
28
    10m
29
    10m
    13m
                      н
31
                                  (ingen prøve under nr.30)
32
    10m
33
    10m
34
    10m
                      #1
36
    11m
                                  (ingen prøve under nr.35)
```

Følgende prøver er tatt syd for veimerle: R 3-03 - 9km. Profilstart ligger syd for parkeringsplassen med Turistinformasjonstable ca. 80m syd for den nevnte veimerken.

- 38 der hvor blottningene begynner.
- 39 10m lengere syd
- 40 10m " "
- 41 10m " "
- 42 13m " "
- 43 13m " "
- 44 ved veisjæringens ende

hele det "sydlige"veiprofilet er sterkt sulfidimpregnert.