

Figure 6.7A: Map showing the two holes. Background is “Resistivity at depth 120-140m”.

After having drilled the first three holes at Storhidleren 1, the drill rig was moved to Åsen to drill two EM-anomalies (fig. 6.7) of reasonable size and in an area without known occurrences. In both holes, the EM-anomalies turned out to have been caused by minor graphite-schist. A weak and erratic Zn-mineralisation occurs in the upper part of the Åsen 2 hole. This mineralization causes a weak rust-staining of the outcrops at or close to the collar. The two holes went through some high-susceptibility zones (which cause the magnetic bands following Ølve-Varaldsøy’s stratigraphy) in both basalt and more felsic volcanics. This increased susceptibility is always caused by dissemination of magnetite.

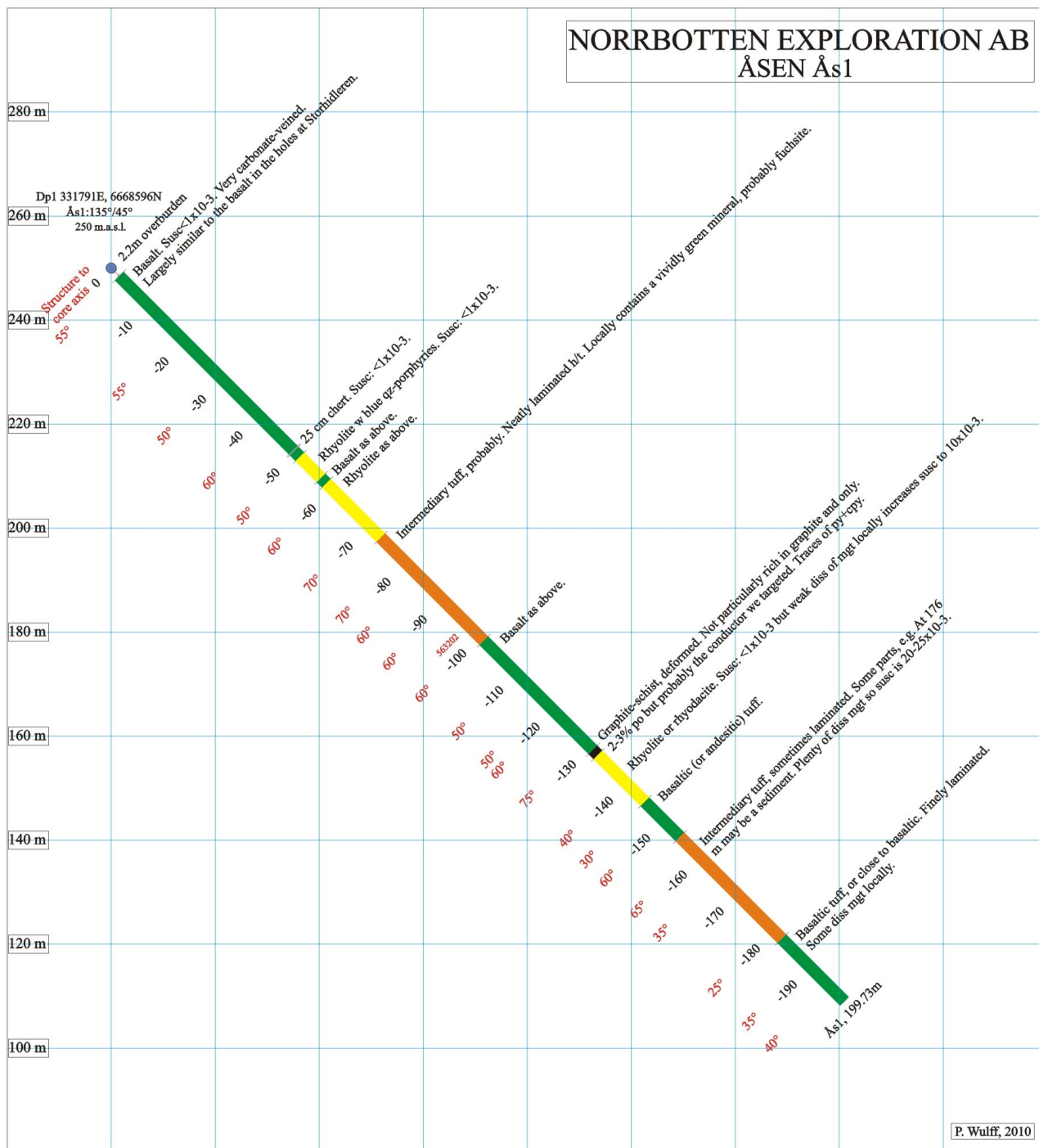


Figure 6.7B: Graphic log of drill hole Ås1. The EM-anomaly is probably the graphite-schist at 131 m.

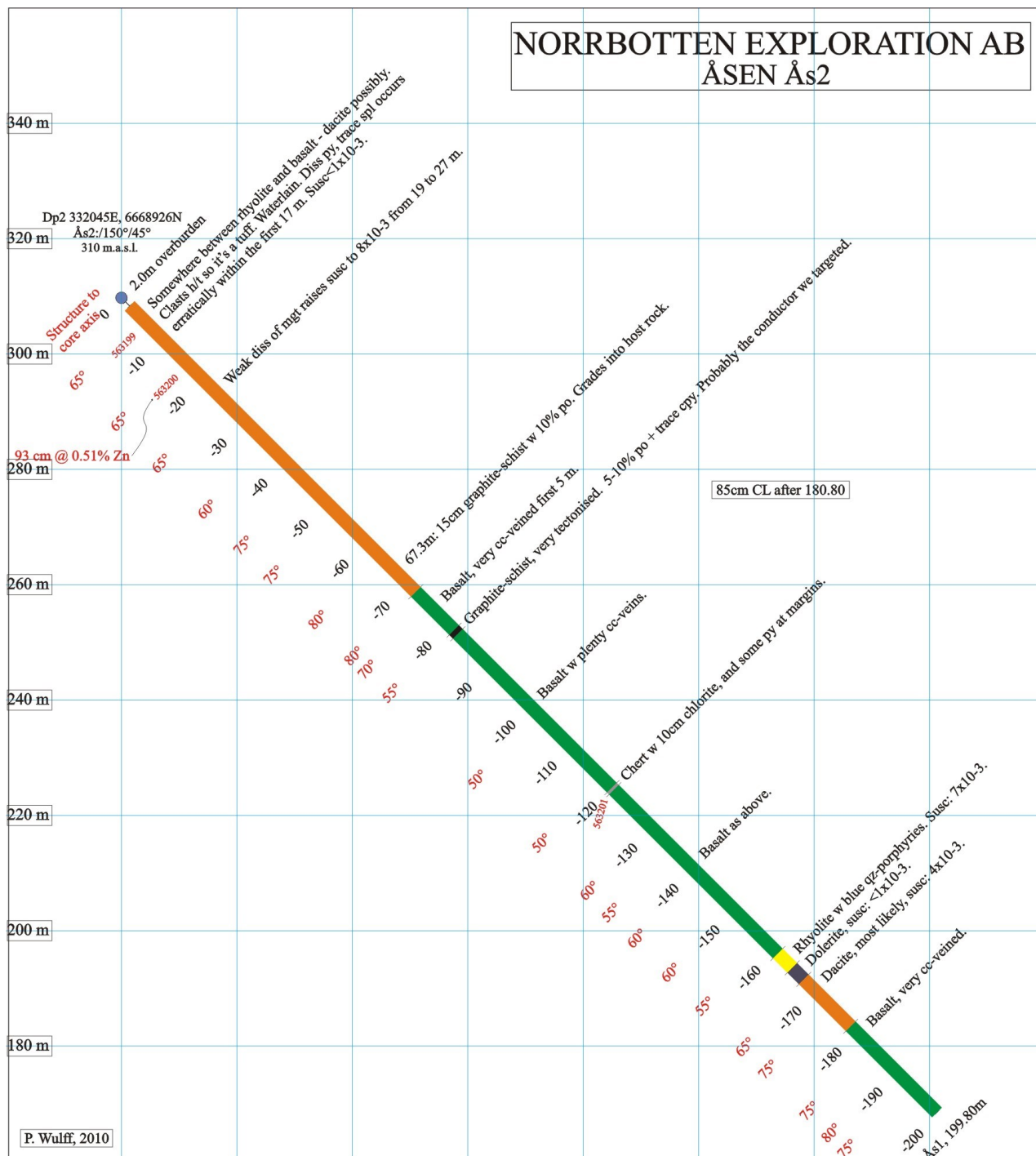


Figure 6.7B: Graphic log of drill hole Ås1. The targeted anomaly is probably the graphite-schist at 82 m. Accidentally this hole also intersected a minor, disseminated Zink-mineralization.